Name of Village Panchayat	Names of villages comprised in the group	Elected Members	Nominated Members	Name of Chairman
		Messrs.—	Messrs.—	Messrs.—
Motakapalli ..	1 Motakapalli ..	1 Mallappa	1 Nallapareddi	1 Gurumurthappa
	2 Motakacheruvu	2 Narasireddi	Rammanagari	
	3 Charlopalli	3 Gurumurthappa	Narasaiya.	
		4 Erappa		
		5 Venkatappa		
Sadalavaripalli	1 Sadalavaripalli	1 Nase Munappa	1 Patel Subbireddi	1 Patel Subbireddi
		2 Kuruba Aswathappa	2 Papireddi	
		3 Gandla Narasappa		
		4 Venkatareddi		
		5 Thimmareddigari Venkatappa		
Thattanagaripalli.	1 Thattannagaripalli.	1 Yellodu Venkatappa	1 Aswathappa, Shanbhog.	1 Aswathappa
	2 Kamaravaripalli	2 Yellodu Dasappa	2 Kogera Papanna	
	3 Guntipalli	3 Pallam Narasappa		
		4 Nallanarappa		
		5 Chintakamallappa		
Thimmampalli	1 Thimmampalli	1 Girijala Venkatappa	1 Narayanareddi, Patel	1 Patel Narayanareddi.
		2 Thimma a Gangappa	2 Nalla Ramanna	
		3 Chik Narayanareddi		
		4 Yarra Marappa		
		5 Potalappa		
Madepalli ..	1 Madepalli	1 Kagamapalli Mallappa	1 Adinaranappa	1 Adinaranappa
		2 Saka Ramanna	2 Patel Narasireddi	
		3 Pedduri Narasiga		
		4 Venkatrameshappa		
		5 Kutti Gangappa		
Naravalapalli..	1 Naravalapalli	1 Thirumani Gangappa	1 Patel Ramappa	1 Patel Ramappa
	2 Kannampalli	2 Venkatreddi, Patel	2 Shanbhog Adisubbiah.	
	3 Saddupalli	3 Ramaji Naik.		
		4 Sanjeevappa		
		5 Kasturi Venkatappa		
Kodi Chintamakaladinne.	1 Chintamakaladinne.	1 Reddappa	1 Basappa	1 Basappa
		2 Narasappa, Koganapalli.	2 Golla Gangappa	
		3 Sanchu Akkaiga		
		4 Valli Rathaga		
		5 Narasappa		
G Charlapalli..	1 G Charlapalli	1 Chouda Naik	1 Konda Naik, Patel	1 Kondanaik
		2 Chinnappa	2 Doddagangappa	
		3 Naga Gauda Rao		
		4 Venkatramaiah		

M. ABDUL SUBHAN,
For *Deputy Commissioner.*

MANDYA MUNICIPALITY.

Notice.

The following draft bye-laws are framed by the Mandya Municipality under section 48 (i) (ii) and (iii) of the Mysore Municipal Regulation and are published for the information of public. Any resident within the area of the Mandya Municipality who has any objections or suggestions with respect to the draft bye-laws, should communicate the same to the President Mandya Municipality, within one month from the date of this notification.

Definitions.

Bakery or sweetmeat shops—Means and includes any building or part of a building where cakes, biscuits, cakes, confectionary and sweets are manufactured or kept for sale.

Hotel—Means and includes any eating house or place where cooked rice, mutton, beef, curry, Vegetables, dhall and confectionary or refreshments including chapathies, rice, cakes, coffee, etc., are prepared and sold for boarders, travellers or other persons.

Restaurants.—Means and includes any buildings or part of a building where coffee, tea other drinks are prepared and articles of food are kept for sale.

Aerated water factory.—Means and includes any building or part of a building where aerated waters, shurbaths, etc., are manufactured and kept for sale.

Meat stalls.—Means and includes any private building or part of a building where meat flesh is kept for sale.

Bye-laws under section 48 (i) (b) (ii) and (iii).

(i) All bakeries, sweetmeat shops, hotels, restaurants (other than a students' hostel of public or recognised control) tea and coffee houses, ice and acrated water manufacturing

places and private meat stalls within the town, shall be subjected to license by the pres of the Town Municipality.

(ii) Any person using or wishing to use any premises for any of the above purp shall apply to the president for license. The president may, in his discretion, on the advi the Health Officer, grant, suspend, or reduce such license for infringement of any of conditions attached to the license, or whenever on grounds of public health or safety, he considers such action necessary.

(iii) Applications must be made to the president within 15 days of the commence of each official year for the renewal of all licenses granted under this bye-law and in the of a place to be newly opened, a fortnight before such place is proposed to be opened.

(iv) the following fees shall be charged for licenses granted under this bye-law.

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		Rs.	a.	p.
(*a*)	Hotel	4	0	0
(*b*)	Restaurant	3	0	0
(*c*)	Bakeries	2	0	0
(*d*)	Sweetmeat shops	2	0	0
(*e*)	Ice factory	2	0	0
(*f*)	Shops of aerated water manufacture	2	0	0
(*g*)	Meat stalls	2	0	0

(*a*) Provided that if the applicant satisfies the president that it is opened for a sp occassion or for a period not exceeding one fortnight, the president shall have power to exe the applicant wholly or partially from the payment of the fee.

(b) Provided also that no refund shall be made of the amount already paid on acc of such license except under the president's orders recorded in writing.

(i) Whoever without obtaining a license as required by this bye-law uses any p for the purposes mentioned in clause I, shall be liable on conviction to a fine not excee Rs. 50 and to a further fine which may extend to Rs. 5 for every day after such convi during which he continues to use such place for such purposes.

(vi) If the holder of any license under this bye-law employs any person or perso be incharge of the place for which such licence is granted, such person or persons shal equally liable with the licensee, for the observance of all conditions attached to such lice

(vii) The following conditions shall be attached to all licenses granted under bye-law.

I General.

I All premises used as bakeries sweetmeat shops, hotels, retaurants, tea and c houses, ice and aerated water manufacturing places, shall satisfy the following conditions

(*a*) The premises shall be sufficiently spacious and suitable for the purpose and e room shall be not less than 8 x 8 x 8 feet.

(*b*) The premises shall have a water reservoir or water connection where there water supply if the President or the officer incharge of the Rural Health Unit thinks that business is carried on a large scale. The receptacles for the storage of water shall be pl in, on a clean place above the ground level and provided with a tap for the water t drawn off.

(*c*) The wall of every such premises shall be rendered impervious by cement plaste or otherwise to the extent of four feet from the ground level and the rest plastered chunam and whitewashed half yearly or as often as required by the President, the w floor shall be either cemented or paved with Cuddapah slabs with cement pointing and suffic drainage provided.

(ii) No person shall in connection with a hotel, etc., use as kitchen, dining roo bed room, a place surcharged with offensive smell arising from a privy, urinal, cesspool, s or any other insanitary service, and he shall locate the kitchen at such a distance from room where customers are served or lodged, that such room shall be entirely free from sm or any unpleasant and oppressive smells.

(iii) Every licensee shall keep the premises very clean and shall thoroughly was cause to be washed every utensil and other furniture at least twice daily.

(iv) He shall allow only servants that are dressed in clean clothes to attend on customers

(v) He shall at all hours while such place is open allow the President or the o incharge of the Rural Health Unit or other Municipal Servants deputed by him, to enter premises, and inspect the place, utensils, articles of food or drink and furniture and comply with the directions that the President or the officer in charge of Rural Health may give in writing for securing cleanliness, light and air.

(vi) He shall provide, stock or offer for sale only such articles of food and drin are fresh, good, wholesome and fit for human consumption.

(vii) The President or the officer incharge of the Rural Health Unit shall remove or se to be removed from such place, articles of food or drink, which are unsound, unwhole- e, or unfit for human consumption and if necessary, prosecute the licensee for breaking the laws.

(viii) No person shall, with unwashed or unclean hands, touch any articles of food or k placed for sale.

(ix) Any person breaking the above bye-laws shall be punished on conviction with a not exceeding Rs. 50 and the breach of the above rules or bye-laws will entail the sus- sion or withdrawal of the license.

II Special.

(*a*) Manufacture of bread and sweet-meats.

1. The flour, sugar, ghee, water and other meterials used in the manufacture of bread sweetmeat shall be good and wholesome. There shall be a seperate store room or ptacle for flour and sugar and no flour or sugar shall be left lying on the floor or against wall in any parts of a bakery or a sweet-meat shop.

2. No person suffering from a contagious or any infectious or a loathsome disease or has recently been in attendance on a person suffering from such disease or who is ashed or otherwise unclean shall be employed in a bakery or a sweetmeat shop and all aders engaged in kneading shall wear white clean linen or cotton aprons to cover entirely front part of the body from neck to knees.

3. No person shall soil the kneading table in any way.

4. No person shall transport for sale, bread or sweetmeat from any one place to any r place, except in a closed vehicle or in a closed basket, tin or other receptacle. Every vehicle, basket, tin or other receptacle shall at all times be kept thoroughly clean and no on shall commit any act which may tend to render any breach or sweetmeat which is g transported dirty or unwholesome.

5. All papers and leaves used for wrapping bread, sweets, etc., shall be clean and stored clean rack.

6. Bread, sweets, etc., shall be stored and kept for sale in glass show-cases with glass to prevent contamination from flies, dust and bad odours

7. It shall be lawful for the officer in charge, Rural Health Unit, to enter any place used he manufacture or sale of bread, sweets, etc., at any time when such place is open and to ect or take a sample of any kind of bread, sweets or any other articles of food manufac- d or kept for sale. Such samples shall be examined by the officer in charge, Rural lth Unit, and if a certificate from him indicates that such sample is unfit for human con- ption, it should be evidence that it is so unfit until the contrary is proved.

8. Any infringement of any of the above bye-laws shall render the offender liable on iction, to a fine not exceeding Rs. 50 and to a further fine not exceeding Rs. 5 for every after such conviction during which such infringement continues, provided that the total nt of the fine shall not exceeds Rs. 500.

(*b*) Hotels, restaurants, Tea and Coffee Houses.

1. Kitchen and bath rooms shall have proper ventilation and be provided with suitable e vents so that smoke may not pervade into the dwelling rooms. All rooms in eating es shall be well lighted and ventilated.

2. The Proprietor or the person in charge shall not allow persons to dine in any other but the dining hall.

3. All and other furniture shall be kept clean and all metallic vessels used in ooking or for keeping food-stuffs, shall have a continual lining of tin and no lead vessels y sort shall be used for any purpose. All reasonable precautions shall be taken to rve cooked food, pastry, sweetmeats, confectionary or preserved, dried or cut fruit intended uman consumption from contamination from flies, dust and bad odours and they shall pt only in glass cases. All cups and saucers used for serving shall be sterilized in ng water after each service.

4. No food stuff of any sort which is stale, unwholesome, offensive, or in any way unfit uman consumption, shall be stored or exposed for sale in the premises.

5. All refuse and dirt in and about the premises shall be swept off and the drains well ed and the premises at all times maintained in a clean and tidy condition. There shall fficient latrine accommodation and the latrine shall be kept clean and the night-soil ed with ashes or earth and removed daily.

6. No person suffering from a contagious or an infectious or a loathsome disease, or has recently been in attendance on any person suffering from such disease or who is shed or otherwise unclean, shall be employed in an eating house.

7. All premises and all cooked and uncooked food-stuffs and vessels shall at all times en to inspection by the President, the officer in charge of Rural Health Unit or the ary Inspector or the officer authorized on their behalf.

8. All cases of dangerous or infectious diseases (such as cholera, plague, and eruptiv fevers such as small pox, chicken pox, measles and fevers of more than seven days duratio occurring in any hotel, restaurant, and tea and coffee houses, shall be notified to the Pres dent forthwith.

9. If a case of small-pox, cholera, plague, influenza, typhoid relapsing fever occurs or near the hotel or eating house, the proprietor shall close the same as long as the Presider deems it necessary.

10. Any infrigement of any of the above bye-laws shall render the offender liable conviction to a fine not exceeding Rs. 50 and a further fine not exceeding Rs. 5 for eve day after such conviction during which such infringement continues, provided that the tot amount of the fine shall not exceed Rs. 500.

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(c) MANUFACTURE OF ICE.

1. There shall be water connection from the public water supply to the factory premis when there is such a supply.

2. The water used for manufacturing ice shall be pure and shall not be carried massacks or in any other vessels not approved of by the President or the officer in charge Rural Health Unit.

3. The factory Premises shall be kept in a state of scrupulous cleanliness and through drained of waste water.

4. It shall be law-ful for the officer in charge of Rural Health Unit or any Municip Sanitary Inspector to enter any place used for the manufacture or sale of ice at any ti when such place is open and to inspect or take a sample of ice which is there—manufactur or kept for sale. Such sample shall be examined by the officer in-charge of Rural Health U and if a certificate from him states that such sample is unfit for human consumption it sh be evidence that is so unfit untill the contrary is proved.

5. Any infringement of any of the above bye-laws shall render the proprietor or person in-charge of the place liable on conviction to a fine not exceeding Rs. 20 and t further fine not exceeding Rs. 5 for every day after such conviction during which s infringement continues, provided that the total amount of the fine shall not exceed Rs. 5

(d) MANUFACTURE OF AERATED WATERS.

1. There shall be water connection from the public water supply to the factory p mises when there is.

2. The water should be filtered and the filtering vessels and materials shall be sterli at such times and in such manner as the President or the officer in-charge of Rural He Unit may direct.

3. All water to be used for washing bottles shall be stored in closed iron vessels and treated before use with permanganate of Potassium or bleaching powder in such manne the President or the officer in-charge of Rural Health Unit may direct.

4. The room in which aerated waters are manufactured shall be properly roofed kept clean and in good repair, the walls shall be plastered with mortar and shall be li washed at least once in three months, the floor shall be flagged, tiled or cemented so as t impervious to water and shall be properly drained.

5. The water used for the manufacture of aerated waters shall be pure and shall be carried in massacks or any other vessels not approved by the President or the office charge of Rural Health Unit.

6. The premises and all the appliances used in the manufacture shall be open to pection at all reasonable times by the President, the officer in-charge of Rural Health the Sanitary Inspector or any other Municipal Officer authorized by the President.

7. No aerated waters of any kind shall be issued from the manufactory without ha a proper label and mouth piece on each bottle giving full name and address of the man turer.

It shall be lawful for the officer in-charge of Rural Health Unit or any Municipal San Inspector to enter any place used for the manufacture or sale of aerated waters at any when such places open and to inspect or take a sample of bottles of any kind aerated w which are there manufactured or kept for sale. Such samples shall be examined by officer in-charge of Rural Health Unit and if a certificate from him states that such sam unfit for human consumption it shall be evidence that is so unfit the contrary is proved.

8. Any infringement of any of the bye-laws shall render the Proprietor or the p in-charge of the place, liable on conviction to a fine not exceeding Rs. 20 and to a fu time not exceeding Rs. 5 for every day after such conviction during which such infringe continues provided that the total amount of the fine shall not exceed Rs. 500.

(e) MEAT HALLS.

Special Rules.

1. The licensee shall not sell or offer for sale, the flesh of any animal that has not been examined and passed in writing by the Veterinary Inspector and slaughtered at a public slaughter house.

2. The licensee shall not sell or offer for sale flesh that is stale, decomposed or unfit for human consumption or flesh that by blowing or other artificial means, is made to appear to be in condition, differing from what it really is.

3. He shall keep for use in the shop proper scales and correct stamped weights.

4. He shall not use any place for the sale of flesh if it is situated in or adjoining to any place of worship, school, or such other places as the President may determine.

5. The floor should be made impervious either by cement concrete flooring or paving with Cuddapha slabs with cement pointing. It should be so levelled as to drain off all the water into any drain.

6. The premises should have a cement concrete drain and the drainage should be sanitarily disposed off

7. He should cause the whole of the walls to be cleaned and white washed at least once every three months and all wood and iron furniture throughly scraped and repainted at intervals prescribed by the officer in-charge of Rural Health Unit.

8. The premises should not be made use of for dwelling and other purposes.

9. He should take necessary precautions to protect the flesh from contamination from dust and flies.

10. The stalls and the meat therein shall be open to inspection at all reasonable times by the President, the officer in-charge of Rural Health Unit the Sanitary Inspector or any other Municipal Officer authorized by the President.

Any breach of the above conditions by the licensee or by his servants shall render the license to be withdrawn or suspended and shall also make the licensee liable on conviction to a fine not exceeding Rs. 25 and to a further fine of Rs. 5 for every day during which the offence continues.

Penal clause for the breach of any rule under general and special rules framed under section 48(1) (*b*) II and IV.

Any breach of any rule under general and special rules framed under Section 48 (1) (*b*) II and IV will entail the suspension or withdrawal of the License and in case of continuance of the business after this. The prosecution of the offender under rule 5 of the above-law framed under Section 48 (1) (*b*) II and IV.

A. A. KHAN,
President.

MYSORE DISTRICT.

*Notification No. D*7. 3273—29, *dated 24th June* 1930.

The results of election of Chandagal Village Panchayet in Yedatore Taluk were published on pages 615 of Part V(*a*) of the *Mysore Gazette*, dated 5th June 1930, as follows :—

Elected Members.

1. Mr. Chennaveeriah
2. ,, Siddegowda
3. ,, Lingappa
4. Mr. Chowdachari
5. ,, Thimmiah
6. ,, Dasappa

In supersession of the above, the following revised Notification is published for the information of the public :—

Elected Members.

1. Mr. Chennaveeriah
2. ,, Siddegowda
3. ,, Lingappa
4. ,, Boregowda
5. ,, Chowdachari
6. ,, Thimmaiya